

```
# Use the front controller as index file. It serves as a fallback solution when
# every other rewrite/redirect fails (e.g. in an aliased environment without
# mod_rewrite). Additionally, this reduces the matching process for the
# start page (path "/") because otherwise Apache will apply the rewriting rules
# to each configured DirectoryIndex file (e.g. index.php, index.html, index.pl).
DirectoryIndex app.php
```

```
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
```

```
    RewriteEngine On
```

```
    # Determine the RewriteBase automatically and set it as environment variable.
    # If you are using Apache aliases to do mass virtual hosting or installed the
    # project in a subdirectory, the base path will be prepended to allow proper
    # resolution of the app.php file and to redirect to the correct URI. It will
    # work in environments without path prefix as well, providing a safe, one-size
    # fits all solution. But as you do not need it in this case, you can comment
    # the following 2 lines to eliminate the overhead.
```

```
    RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI}::$1 ^(/.+)/(.*):\2$
```

```
    RewriteRule ^(.*) - [E=BASE:%1]
```

```
    # Redirect to URI without front controller to prevent duplicate content
    # (with and without `/app.php`). Only do this redirect on the initial
    # rewrite by Apache and not on subsequent cycles. Otherwise we would get an
    # endless redirect loop (request -> rewrite to front controller ->
    # redirect -> request -> ...).
```

```
    # So in case you get a "too many redirects" error or you always get redirected
    # to the start page because your Apache does not expose the REDIRECT_STATUS
    # environment variable, you have 2 choices:
```

```
    # - disable this feature by commenting the following 2 lines or
```

```
    # - use Apache >= 2.3.9 and replace all L flags by END flags and remove the
    # following RewriteCond (best solution)
```

```
    RewriteCond %{ENV:REDIRECT_STATUS} ^$
```

```
    RewriteRule ^app\.php(/(.*)|)$ %{ENV:BASE}/$2 [R=301,L]
```

```
    # If the requested filename exists, simply serve it.
```

```
    # We only want to let Apache serve files and not directories.
```

```
    RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} -f
```

```
    RewriteRule .? - [L]
```

```
    # Rewrite all other queries to the front controller.
```

```
    RewriteRule !- [E=BASE:/app.php] [L]
```

```

RewriteRule .? %{ENV:DHSCD}/app.php [L]
</IfModule>

<IfModule !mod_rewrite.c>
  <IfModule mod_alias.c>
    # When mod_rewrite is not available, we instruct a temporary redirect of
    # the start page to the front controller explicitly so that the website
    # and the generated links can still be used.
    RedirectMatch 302 ^/$ /app.php/
    # RedirectTemp cannot be used instead
  </IfModule>
</IfModule>
# End of symfony standard

#####
#
# HTML5 Boilerplate
#
#####

# #####
# # ERRORS #
# #####

# -----
# | 404 error prevention for non-existing redirected folders |
# -----

# Prevent Apache from returning a 404 error as the result of a rewrite
# when the directory with the same name does not exist.
# http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/content-negotiation.html#multiviews
# http://www.webmasterworld.com/apache/3808792.htm

Options -MultiViews

# #####
# # MIME TYPES AND ENCODING #
# #####

# -----
# | Proper MIME types for all files |
# ..

```

```
# -----

<IfModule mod_mime.c>

# Audio
AddType audio/mp4          m4a f4a f4b
AddType audio/ogg          oga ogg opus

# Data interchange
AddType application/json   json map
AddType application/ld+json jsonld

# JavaScript
# Normalize to standard type.
# http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4329#section-7.2
AddType application/javascript js

# Video
AddType video/mp4          f4v f4p m4v mp4
AddType video/ogg          ogv
AddType video/webm         webm
AddType video/x-flv        flv

# Web fonts
AddType application/font-woff woff
AddType application/vnd.ms-fontobject eot

# Browsers usually ignore the font MIME types and simply sniff the bytes
# to figure out the font type.
# http://mimesniff.spec.whatwg.org/#matching-a-font-type-pattern

# Chrome however, shows a warning if any other MIME types are used for
# the following fonts.

AddType application/x-font-ttf      ttc ttf
AddType font/opentype               otf

# Make SVGZ fonts work on the iPad.
# https://twitter.com/FontSquirrel/status/14855840545
AddType      image/svg+xml         svgz
AddEncoding  gzip                  svgz
```

Other

```
AddType application/octet-stream          safariextz
AddType application/x-chrome-extension      crx
AddType application/x-opera-extension       oex
AddType application/x-web-app-manifest+json webapp
AddType application/x-xpinstall            xpi
AddType application/xml                    atom rdf rss xml
AddType image/webp                         webp
AddType image/x-icon                       cur
AddType text/cache-manifest                appcache manifest
AddType text/vtt                           vtt
AddType text/x-component                   htc
AddType text/x-vcard                       vcf
```

</IfModule>

```
# -----
# | UTF-8 encoding |
# -----
```

Use UTF-8 encoding for anything served as `text/html` or `text/plain`.

```
AddDefaultCharset utf-8
```

Force UTF-8 for certain file formats.

<IfModule mod_mime.c>

```
AddCharset utf-8 .atom .css .js .json .jsonld .rss .vtt .webapp .xml
```

</IfModule>

```
# #####
# # WEB PERFORMANCE #
# #####
```

```
# -----
# | Compression |
# -----
```

<IfModule mod_deflate.c>

Force compression for mangled headers.

<http://developer.yahoo.com/blogs/ydn/posts/2010/12/pushing-beyond-gzipping>

```

# <IfModule mod_setenvif.c>
#     <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#         SetEnvIfNoCase ^(\Accept-Encoding|X-cept-Encoding|X{(15)}|^{(15)}|-(15))$
^((gzip|deflate)\s*,?\s*)+|["-]{4,13}$ HAVE_Accept-Encoding
#         RequestHeader append Accept-Encoding "gzip, deflate" env=HAVE_Accept-
Encoding
#     </IfModule>
# </IfModule>

# Compress all output labeled with one of the following MIME-types
# (for Apache versions below 2.3.7, you don't need to enable `mod_filter`
# and can remove the `<IfModule mod_filter.c>` and `</IfModule>` lines
# as `AddOutputFilterByType` is still in the core directives).
<IfModule mod_filter.c>
    AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/atom+xml \
        application/javascript \
        application/json \
        application/ld+json \
        application/rss+xml \
        application/vnd.ms-fontobject \
        application/x-font-ttf \
        application/x-web-app-manifest+json \
        application/xhtml+xml \
        application/xml \
        font/opentype \
        image/svg+xml \
        image/x-icon \
        text/css \
        text/html \
        text/plain \
        text/x-component \
        text/xml

</IfModule>

</IfModule>

# -----
# | ETags |
# -----

# Remove `ETags` as resources are sent with far-future expires headers.

```

```
# http://developer.yahoo.com/performance/rules.html#etags.
```

```
# `FileETag None` doesn't work in all cases.
```

```
<IfModule mod_headers.c>  
    Header unset ETag  
</IfModule>
```

FileETag None

```
# -----  
# | Expires headers |  
# -----
```

```
# The following expires headers are set pretty far in the future. If you  
# don't control versioning with filename-based cache busting, consider  
# lowering the cache time for resources such as style sheets and JavaScript  
# files to something like one week.
```

```
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
```

```
    ExpiresActive on  
    ExpiresDefault "access plus 1 month"
```

```
# CSS
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/css "access plus 1 year"
```

```
# Data interchange
```

```
    ExpiresByType application/json "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
    ExpiresByType application/ld+json "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
    ExpiresByType application/xml "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/xml "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
# Favicon (cannot be renamed!) and cursor images
```

```
    ExpiresByType image/x-icon "access plus 1 week"
```

```
# HTML components (HTCs)
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/x-component "access plus 1 month"
```

```
# HTML
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/html "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```

# JavaScript
ExpiresByType application/javascript "access plus 1 year"

# Manifest files
ExpiresByType application/x-web-app-manifest+json "access plus 0 seconds"
ExpiresByType text/cache-manifest "access plus 0 seconds"

# Media
ExpiresByType audio/ogg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/gif "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/jpeg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/png "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/mp4 "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/ogg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/webm "access plus 1 month"

# Web feeds
ExpiresByType application/atom+xml "access plus 1 hour"
ExpiresByType application/rss+xml "access plus 1 hour"

# Web fonts
ExpiresByType application/font-woff "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/vnd.ms-fontobject "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/x-font-ttf "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType font/opentype "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/svg+xml "access plus 1 month"

```

</IfModule>

```

#####
#
# Project rules
#
#####

# #####
# # URL REWRITES #
# #####

# -----
# | Suppressing / Forcing the `www.` at the beginning of URLs |

```

```
# -----

# The same content should never be available under two different URLs,
# especially not with and without `www.` at the beginning. This can cause
# SEO problems (duplicate content), and therefore, you should choose one
# of the alternatives and redirect the other one.

# By default `Option 1` (no `www.`) is activated.
# http://no-www.org/faq.php?q=class_b

# If you would prefer to use `Option 2`, just comment out all the lines
# from `Option 1` and uncomment the ones from `Option 2`.

# IMPORTANT: NEVER USE BOTH RULES AT THE SAME TIME!

# -----

# Option 1: rewrite www.example.com + example.com

<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
    RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\.(.+$) [NC]
    RewriteRule ^ http://%1%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]
</IfModule>

# -----

# Option 2: rewrite example.com + www.example.com

# Be aware that the following might not be a good idea if you use "real"
# subdomains for certain parts of your website.

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#     RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
#     RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !^www\. [NC]
#     RewriteCond %{SERVER_ADDR} !=127.0.0.1
#     RewriteCond %{SERVER_ADDR} !=::1
#     RewriteRule ^ http://www.%{HTTP_HOST}%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>

# #####
```

```
.....  
#           301 - Redirect specific for project  
# #####
```