```
## Use the front controller as index file. It serves as a fallback solution when
## every other rewrite/redirect fails (e.g. in an aliased environment without
## mod_rewrite). Additionally, this reduces the matching process for the
## start page (path "/") because otherwise Apache will apply the rewriting rules
## to each configured DirectoryIndex file (e.g. index.php, index.html, index.pl).
#DirectoryIndex app.php
#<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
     RewriteEngine On
#
#
     # Determine the RewriteBase automatically and set it as environment variable.
     # If you are using Apache aliases to do mass virtual hosting or installed the
#
     # project in a subdirectory, the base path will be prepended to allow proper
#
     # resolution of the app.php file and to redirect to the correct URI. It will
     # work in environments without path prefix as well, providing a safe, one-size
     # fits all solution. But as you do not need it in this case, you can comment
     # the following 2 lines to eliminate the overhead.
#
     RewriteCond %CREQUEST_URI)::$1 ^(/.+)/(.*)::\2$
#
     RewriteRule ^(.*) - [E=BASE: %1]
#
#
     # Sets the HTTP_AUTHORIZATION header removed by apache
#
     RewriteCond %CHTTP: Authorization》.
#
     RewriteRule . * - [E=HTTP_AUTHORIZATION: %CHTTP: Authorization)]
#
#
#
     # Redirect to URI without front controller to prevent duplicate content
     # (with and without `/app.php`). Only do this redirect on the initial
     # rewrite by Apache and not on subsequent cycles. Otherwise we would get an
     # endless redirect loop (request -> rewrite to front controller ->
     # redirect -> request -> ...).
     # So in case you get a "too many redirects" error or you always get redirected
     # to the start page because your Apache does not expose the REDIRECT_STATUS
     # environment variable, you have 2 choices:
     # - disable this feature by commenting the following 2 lines or
     # - use Apache >= 2.3.9 and replace all L flags by END flags and remove the
         following RewriteCond (best solution)
#
#
     RewriteCond %SENV: REDIRECT_STATUS} ^$
     RewriteRule ^app\.php(/(.*)|$) %(ENV: BASE)/$2 [R=301,L]
#
     # If the requested filename exists, simply serve it.
#
     # We only want to let Apache serve files and not directories.
#
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#
     RewriteRule . ? - [L]
#
#
     # Rewrite all other queries to the front controller.
     RewriteRule . ? %(ENV: BASE)/app. php [L]
#</IfModule>
#<IfModule ! mod rewrite.c>
     <IfModule mod alias.c>
         # When mod_rewrite is not available, we instruct a temporary redirect of
         # the start page to the front controller explicitly so that the website
#
         # and the generated links can still be used.
         RedirectMatch 302 ^/$ /app.php/
         # RedirectTemp cannot be used instead
     </IfModule>
#</IfModule>
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    Options +FollowSumlinks
    RewriteEngine On
    # Explicitly disable rewriting for front controllers
    RewriteRule ^/web/app_dev.php - [L]
    RewriteRule ^/web/app.php - [L]
    # Fix the bundles folder
    RewriteRule ^bundles/(.*)$ /web/bundles/$1 [QSA,L]
    RewriteCond %(REQUEST_FILENAME) !-f
    # Change below before deploying to production
    #RewriteRule ^(.*)$ /web/app.php [QSA,L]
    RewriteRule ^(.*)$ /web/app_dev.php [QSA,L]
</If Module>
```